

The logo for G.R.dig is enclosed in a rounded square with a red border. It features the letters 'G' and 'R' stacked vertically on the left, followed by a red dot and the letters 'dig' on the right.

**G.R.dig**

Grand Round digestif

Vendredi 6 - Samedi 7 mars  
2020

**Salons NETWORK**

Port de Javel Haut – PARIS 15<sup>ème</sup>

# Carcinomes de primitif inconnu: le point pour 2020

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# Disclosures

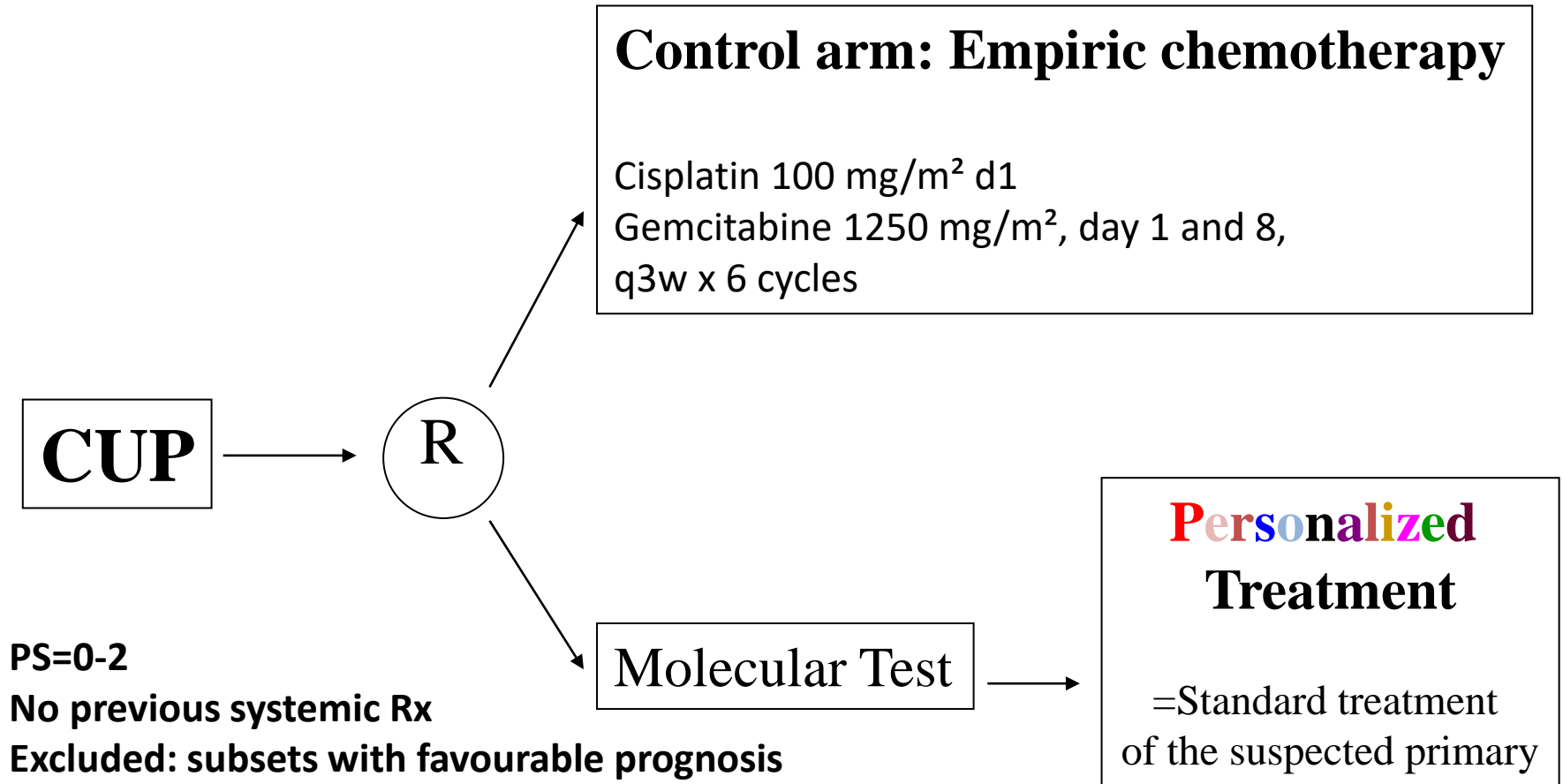
- Advisory boards and symposia:
  - Amgen, Janssen Oncology, Sanofi, Astellas-Pharma, Roche
  
- Travel accommodations, expenses:
  - Amgen, Astellas-Pharma, Astra Zeneca, Ipsen, Janssen Oncology, Sanofi,

# Cancer of Unknown Primary (CUP): Definition

- Histologically confirmed metastases where no primary site can be confirmed **AFTER AN ADEQUATE DIAGNOSTIC EVALUATION**
- Even after a full diagnostic workup, diagnostic remains unknown in 20-50% of cases
- As carcinomas and adenocarcinomas comprise the majority of cases, CUP is often used to mean carcinoma of unknown primary



# GEFCAPI 04 Phase III design



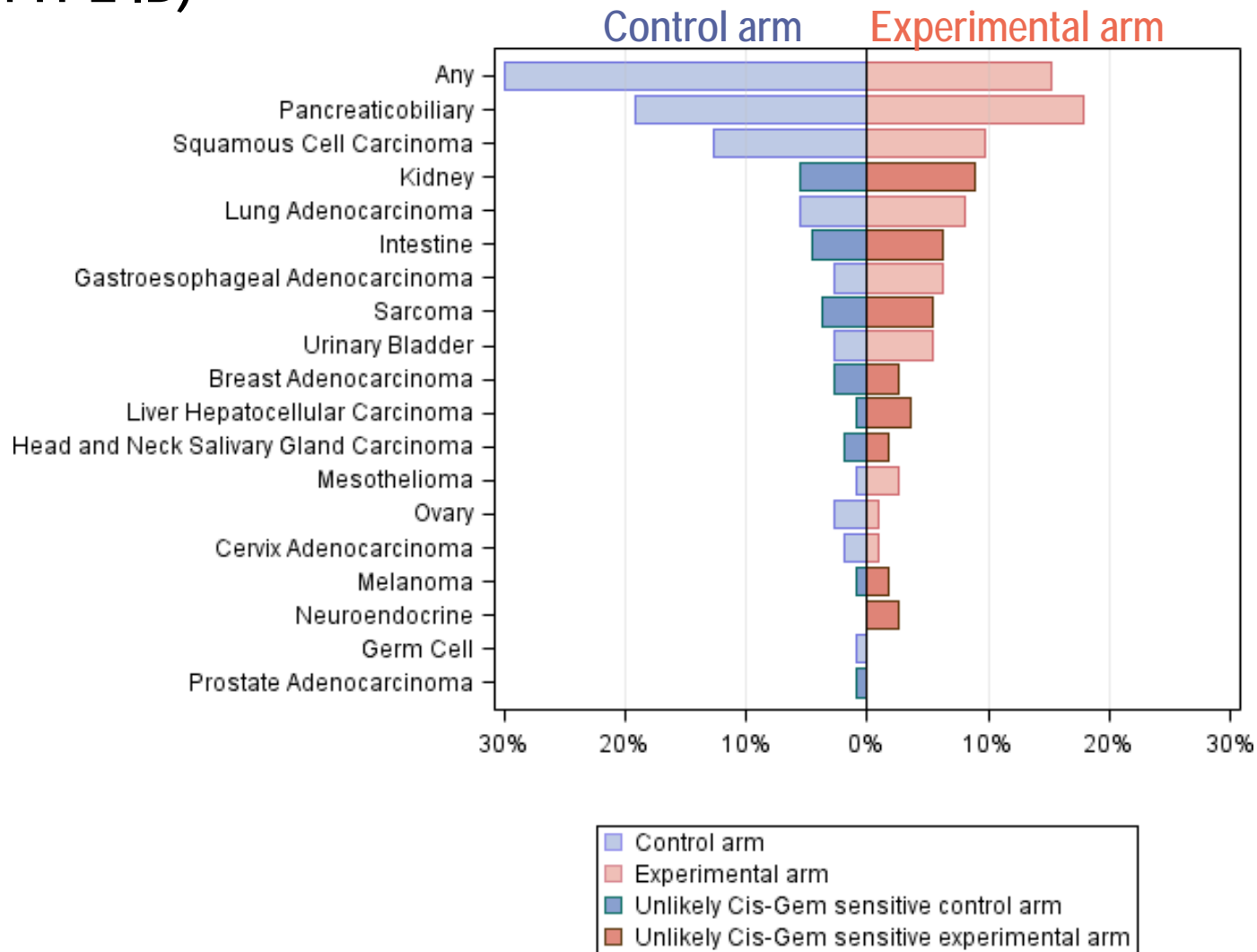
# GEFCAPI-04: Patients

|  | Total | Control arm<br>Gemcitabine/Cisplat<br>in | Treatment of the<br>primary suspected<br>by molecular<br>analysis |
|--|-------|--|---|
| Intent-to-Treat population   | 243   | 120                                      | 123   |
| Modified-ITT<br>(central review available)   | 223   | 110                                      | 113   |
| Cancers unlikely sensitive<br>to cis-gem and with<br>Biotheranostics molecular<br>test available | 60    | 23                                       | 37  |

Median age: 62 y (53-68), 60% male/40% female

# GEFCAPI-04: Suspected primary cancers

(CancerTYPE ID)

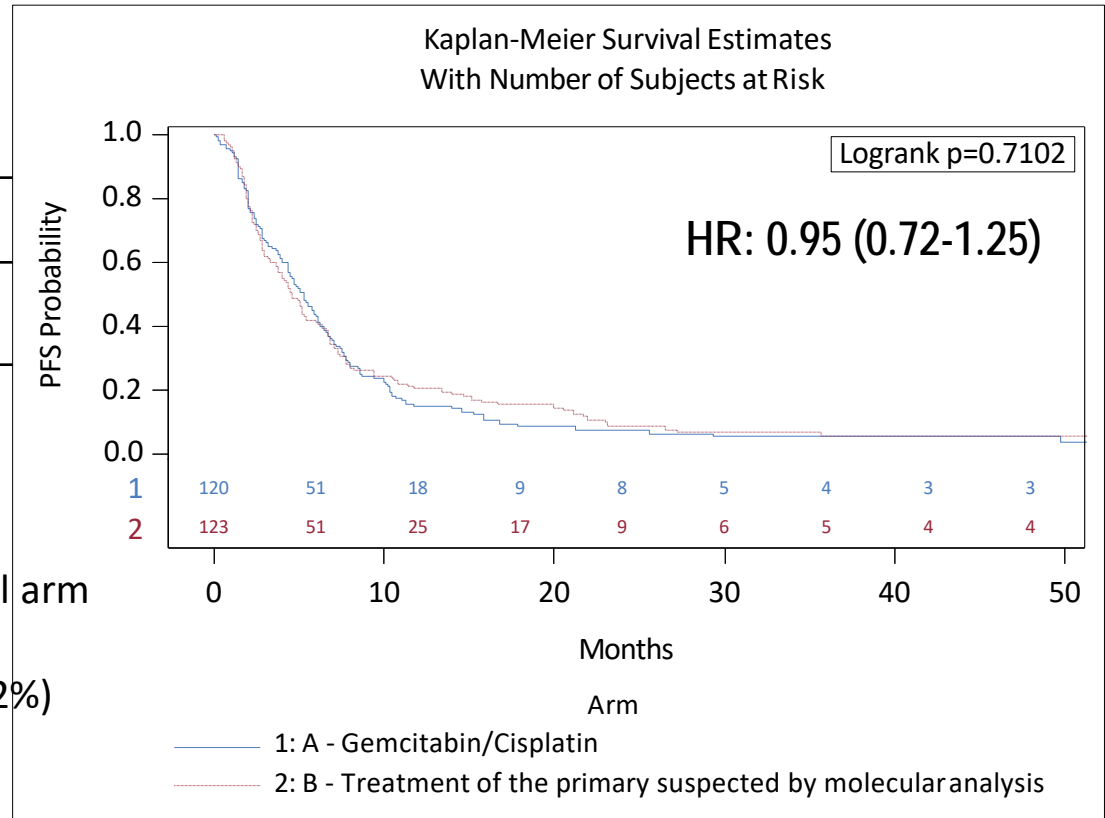


# Primary endpoint: PFS (central review)

|                     | Control arm |              | Experimental arm |               |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|
|                     | Estimate    | IC95%        | Estimate         | IC95%         |
| Median PFS (months) | 5.29        | [4.30;6.24]  | 4.6              | [3.68;6.01]   |
| 12 months PFS (%)   | 15.25       | [9.47;22.32] | 20.66            | [13.98;28.26] |
| 24 months PFS (%)   | 7.92        | [3.86;13.87] | 9.02             | [4.64;15.18]  |
| 36 months PFS (%)   | 5.66        | [2.29;11.27] | 5.84             | [2.41;11.48]  |

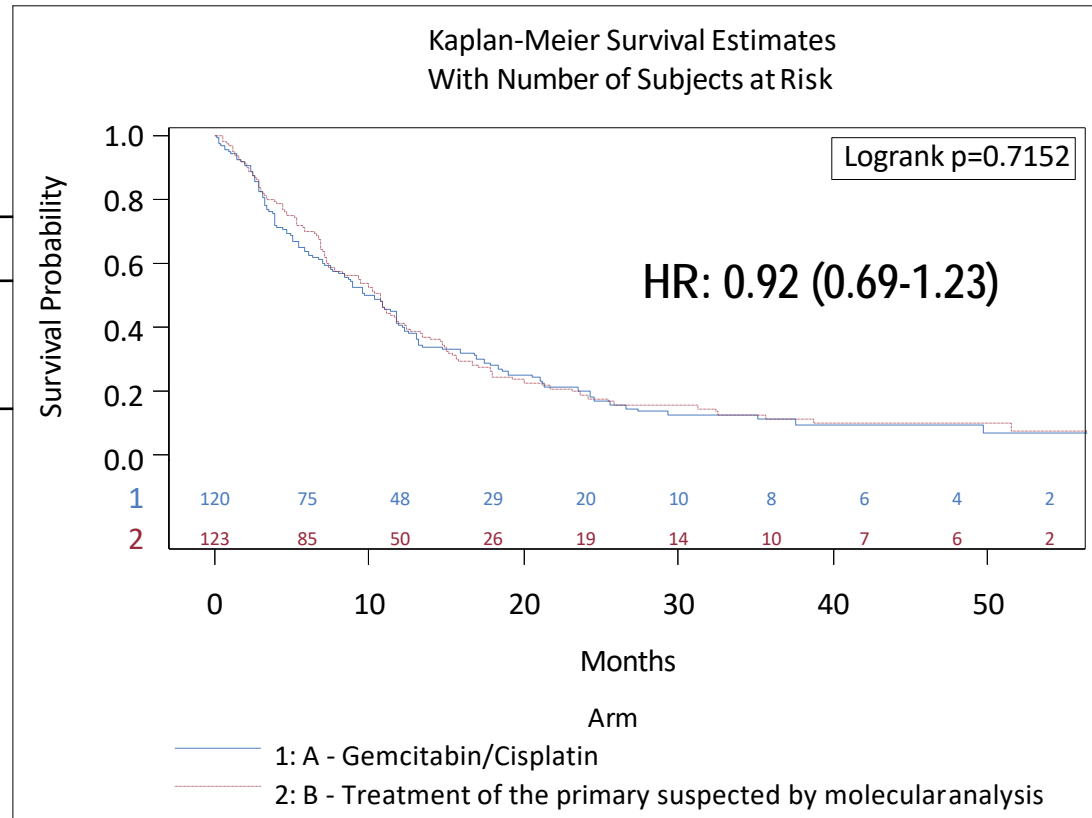
Median follow-up:  
 43.4 months [29.4-52.8] control arm  
 47.9 months [28.6-51.8] experimental arm

Central review not available: 20 pts (8.2%)



# Overall Survival

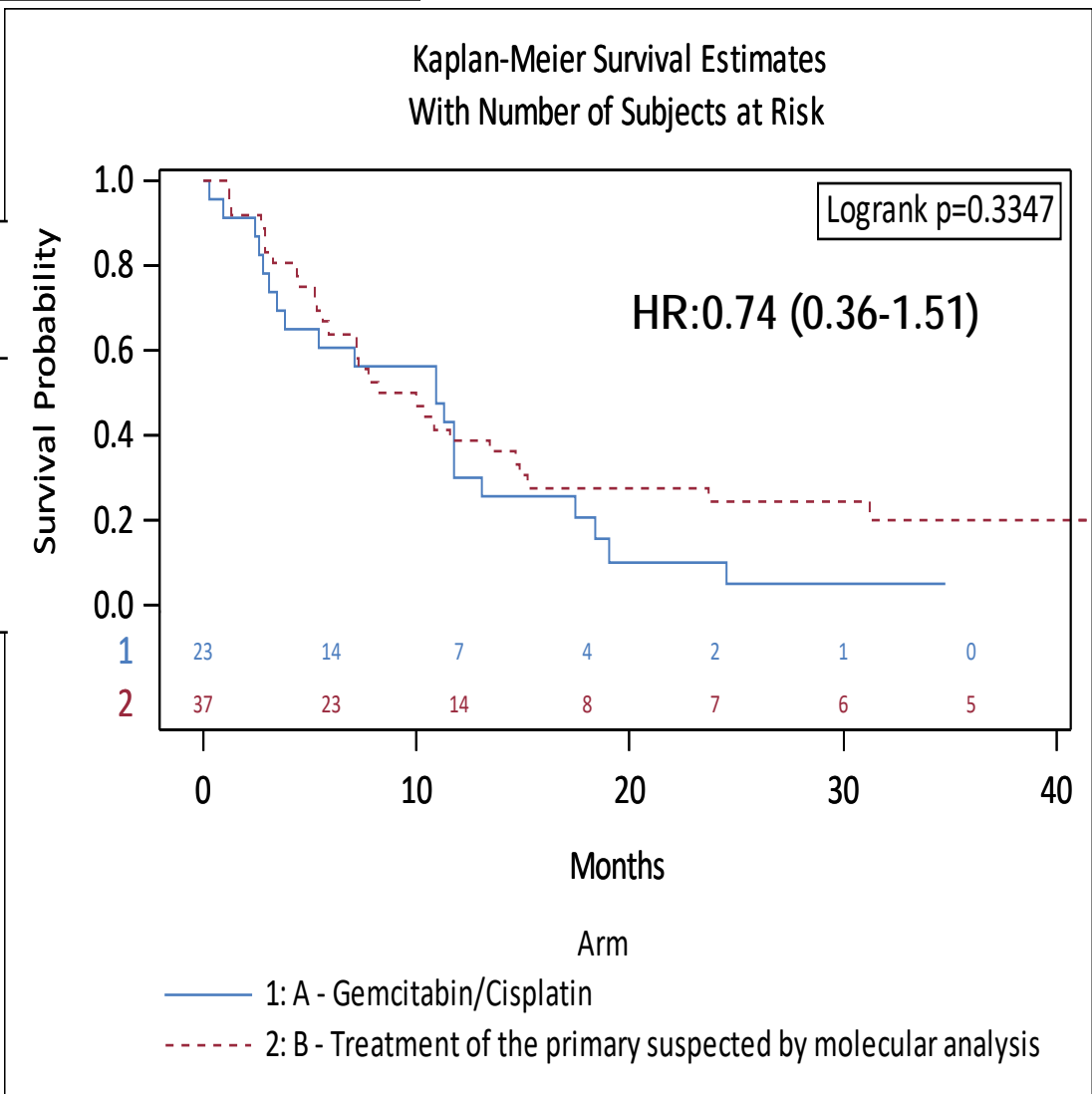
|                  | Control arm |               | Experimental arm |               |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
|                  | Estimate    | IC95%         | Estimate         | IC95%         |
| Median OS (mo)   | 9.99        | [7.06;11.96]  | 10.68            | [7.33;11.93]  |
| 12 months OS (%) | 40.68       | [31.79;49.36] | 41.32            | [32.51;49.91] |
| 24 months OS (%) | 20.4        | [13.46;28.36] | 18.97            | [12.34;26.70] |
| 36 months OS (%) | 11.2        | [5.87;18.45]  | 11.41            | [6.16;18.44]  |





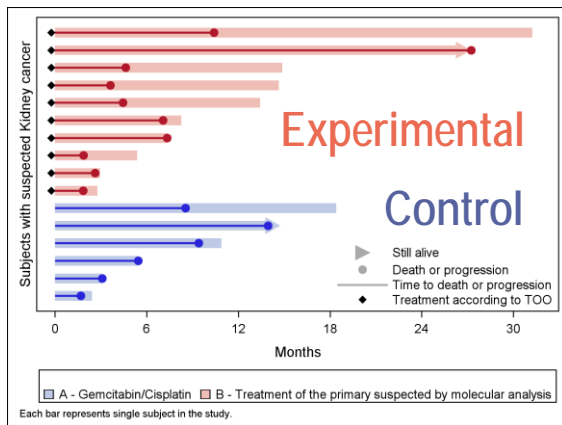
# Overall Survival for patients with pre-analysis selected cancers unlikely to respond to GC

|                  | Control arm |               | Experimental arm |               |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
|                  | Estimate    | IC95%         | Estimate         | IC95%         |
| Median OS (mo)   | 10.87       | [3.45;11.73]  | 9.1              | [5.65;14.62]  |
| 12 months OS (%) | 30.43       | [13.54;49.28] | 38.89            | [23.29;54.22] |
| 24 months OS (%) | 10.43       | [1.88;27.65]  | 24.31            | [11.72;39.33] |

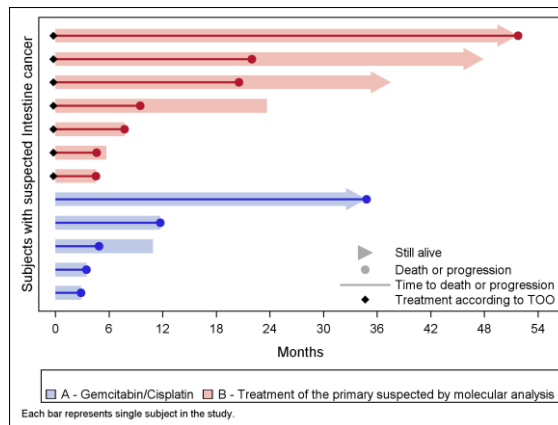


# Outcomes for selected suspected cancers

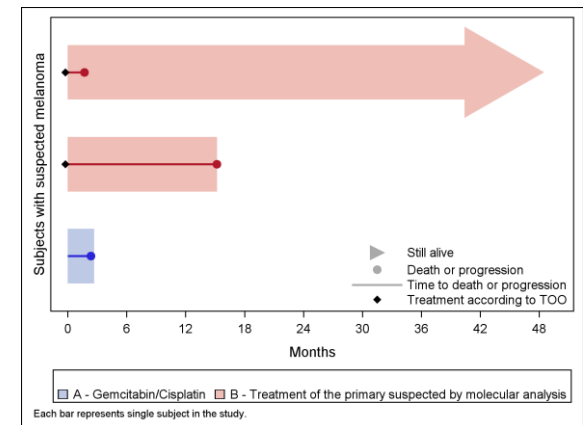
## Kidney cancer



## Colo-rectal cancer



## Melanoma

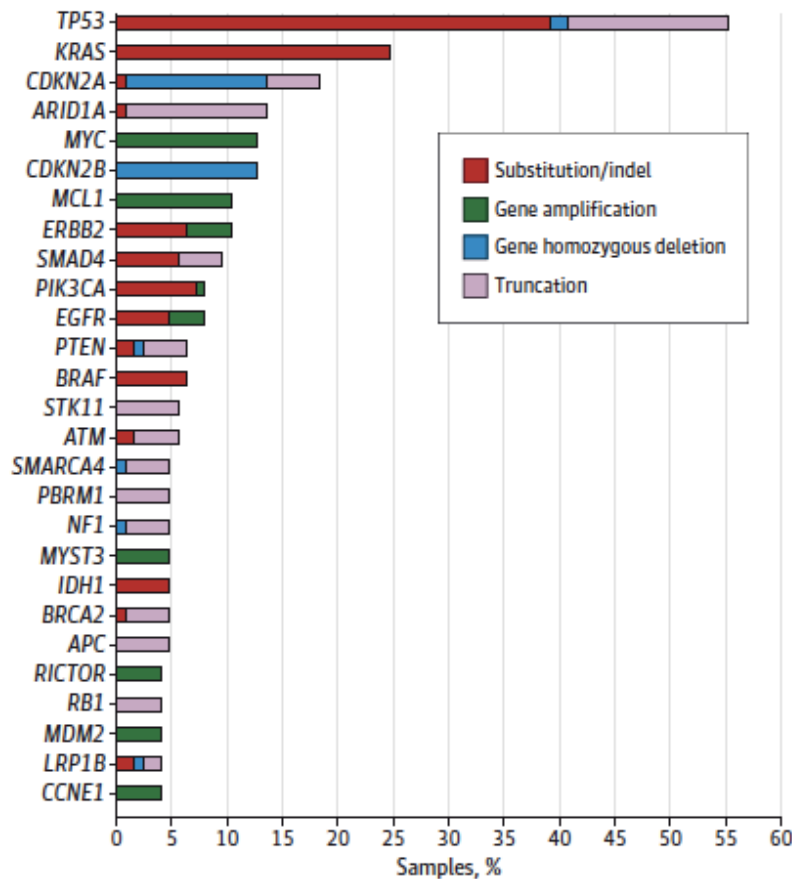




- These tests can find similarities but NOT differences between cancers of similar origin
- We still do not have real effective drugs for some types of cancers
- Tailored treatment may be associated with better outcomes in suspected cancers poorly sensitive to standard chemotherapy

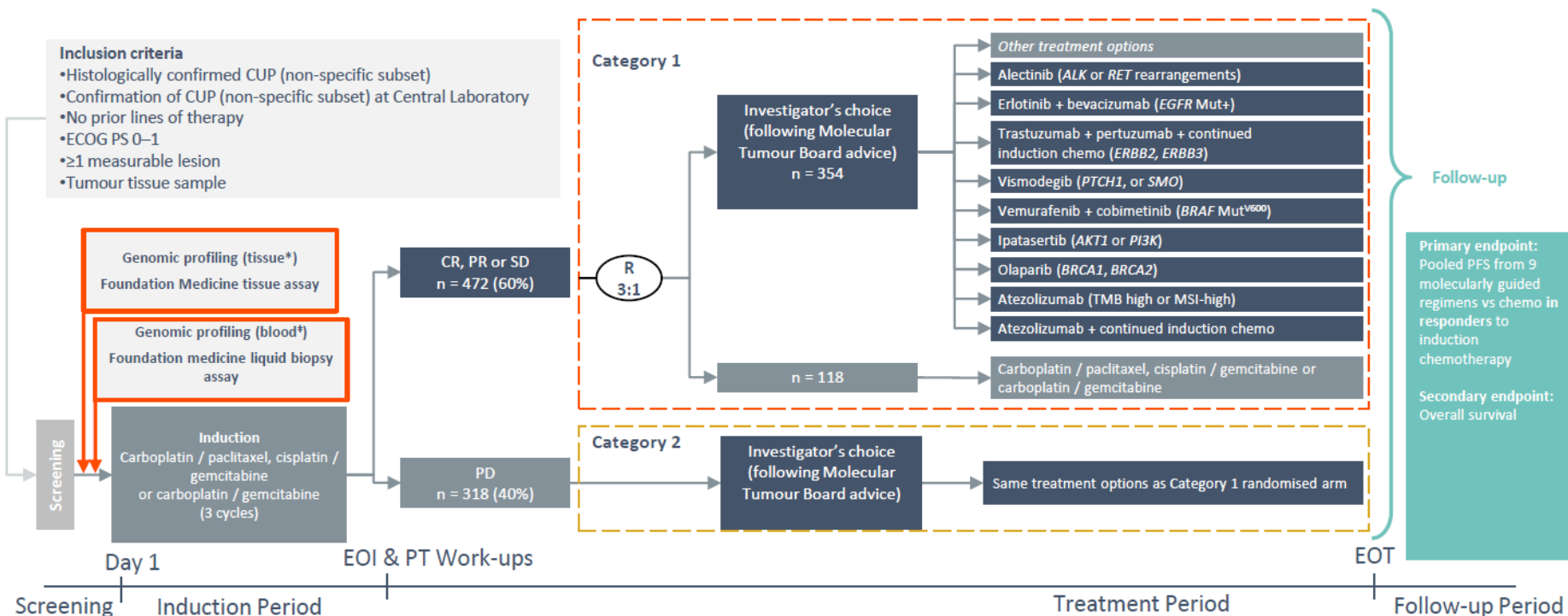
# Comprehensive genomic profiling of carcinoma of unknown primary site

Figure 1. The Most Prevalent Genomic Alterations in 125 Samples of Adenocarcinoma of Unknown Primary Site



- Between 2% and 9% of all patients with cancer have a cancer of unknown primary (CUP).
- Nearly all CUPs studied (96%) had at least 1 genetic alteration, with a mean of 4 per tumor.
- Potentially clinically relevant genomic alterations were identified in 169 tumors (85%).
- Alterations in the RTK/Ras signaling pathway were found in 72% of adenocarcinoma CUP but only 39% of nonadenocarcinoma CUP ( $P < .001$ ).

# CUPISCO study design



CR: complete response; CUP: cancer of unknown primary; ECOG PS: Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; EOI: end of induction; EOT: end of treatment; PD: progressive disease; PR: partial response; PT: pre-treatment; R: randomization; SD: stable disease.



**Driver Mutation**



**Passenger Mutation**

Enroll in clinical trials!



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